

Duration: 3hrs

[Max Marks:80]

- N.B. : (1) Question No 1 is Compulsory.
 (2) Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five.
 (3) All questions carry equal marks.
 (4) Assume suitable data, if required and state it clearly.

1 Attempt any FOUR [20]

a Given $S = \{1, 2, \dots, 10\}$ and a relation R on S , where $R = \{(x, y) | x + y = 10\}$. Is it reflexive, symmetric, transitive, antisymmetric?

b What is a tautology? Check whether the following logical expression is tautology?

$$[(p \rightarrow r) \wedge (\sim q \rightarrow p) \wedge \sim r] \rightarrow q$$

c Design an FSM in which input is valid if it ends in "110" over $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

d Design NFA for the regular expression.

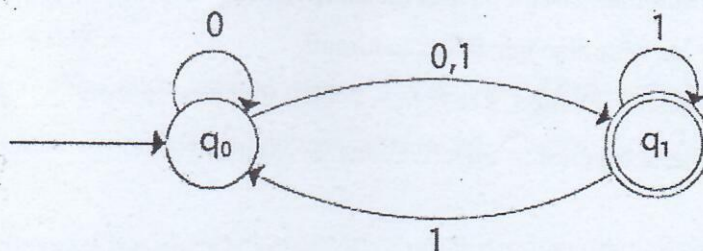
$$R = a(a + b)^*bb$$

e Differentiate between Moore Machine and Mealy Machine.

2 a Define Poset. Draw Hasse diagram which represents the partial order relation. [10]

$\{(a, b) | a \text{ divides } b\}$ on $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24, 36, 42\}$

b Convert the following NFA to DFA: [10]



3 a Explain Chomsky Hierarchy of Grammar. [10]

Consider the following grammar and create the leftmost, rightmost derivation for the string $w = 0001101110$

$$S \rightarrow 0B / 1A$$

$$A \rightarrow 0S / 1AA / 0$$

$$B \rightarrow 1S / 0BB / 1$$

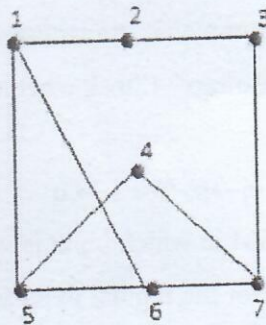
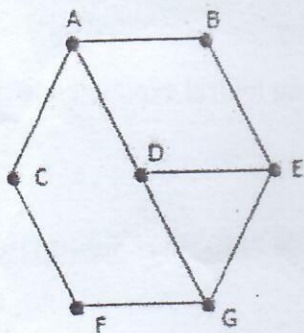
b What is a transitive closure? Find the transitive closure of R using Warshall's algorithm where $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ & [10]

$$R = \{(1, 2), (1, 3), (1, 5), (3, 2), (3, 4), (3, 5), (4, 3), (4, 5), (5, 2), (5, 3)\}.$$

- 4 a Design PDA to check even palindrome over $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$ [10]
 b Prove that language $L = \{a^k b^k\}$ is not regular, where k is a natural number. [10]

- 5 a What are Isomorphic Graphs. [10]

Check whether the following graphs are Isomorphic or not? Justify



- b Design a finite automaton to check divisibility by 3 to binary number. [10]

- 6 a Define the terms : [10]

i) Euler Circuit ii) Hamiltonian Circuit iii) Euler Graph iv) Hamiltonian Graph.

Give the example of a graph

1. Which has a Hamiltonian circuit but not the Eulerian circuit

2. Which is neither Hamiltonian nor Eulerian circuit

- b Define the term bijective function. Let $f: R \rightarrow R$ be a function defined by $f(x) = 3x - 4$. Whether a function is bijective? Justify your answer. [10]
