

University of Mumbai

Program: ALL_Institute Level Optional Course 2

Question Bank

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016

Examination: BE Semester VIII

Course Code: ILO 8027 and Course Name: IPR & Patenting

Objective Questions

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks (2M*10=20Marks)
1.	In order to register trademark, the mark should be
Option A:	Deceptive
Option B:	Distinctive
Option C:	Descriptive
Option D:	Definitive
2.	Which of the following constitute an important consideration for the grant of a patent?
Option A:	novelty
Option B:	Exclusivity
Option C:	Disclosure
Option D:	Process complexity
3.	Which one is the correct format for the claims part?
Option A:	Preamble, transitional phrase, body
Option B:	Preamble, body, transitional phrase
Option C:	transitional phrase, body, preamble
Option D:	transitional phrase, preamble ,body
4.	Compulsory License for export under Indian Patents Act is for--
Option A:	Pharmaceutical Products
Option B:	Diagnostic kits required for their use
Option C:	Medicinal Plants
Option D:	Clinical Trial Data
5.	A device by which multiple patents are filed over a period of time on improvements or modifications, to extend the life of the patent is called -
Option A:	patent pool
Option B:	Patent Thicket
Option C:	Patent Portfolio Management
Option D:	Patent Assignment
6.	Discovery of a new galaxy is
Option A:	a patentable subject matter
Option B:	non-patentable under section 3(a) of Indian Patent Act 1970
Option C:	non-patentable under section 3(b) of Indian Patent Act 1970
Option D:	non-patentable under section 3(c) of Indian Patent Act 1970
7.	What protects the intellectual property created by inventors?
Option A:	copyright
Option B:	geographical indications
Option C:	patents
Option D:	trademarks

8.	What is the Madrid Agreement for?
Option A:	Acquisition of Trademarks
Option B:	Acquiring Copyrights
Option C:	Filing patent
Option D:	Filing traditional knowledge
9.	Which of the following statements is incorrect about Traditional knowledge (TK)
Option A:	TK is distinctly associated with an indigenous or local community, which preserves and transmits it from generation to generation.
Option B:	TK is old and static.
Option C:	TK is generated, preserved and transmitted in a traditional and intergenerational context.
Option D:	TK is not limited to any specific technical field.
10.	The _____ characteristic of E-Commerce businesses affects IP in a number of ways.
Option A:	Global
Option B:	National
Option C:	Industrial
Option D:	static
11.	Who can register for Geographical Indication?
Option A:	Individual
Option B:	Company
Option C:	Producers
Option D:	Consumers
12.	Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) protect the use of information and ideas that are of
Option A:	Commercial value
Option B:	Social value
Option C:	Ethical value
Option D:	Moral value
13.	Patent protects
Option A:	Discovery
Option B:	New invention
Option C:	Invention
Option D:	Ideas
14.	Which of the following is NOT protected by copyright?
Option A:	Slogans
Option B:	Sculptures
Option C:	Songs
Option D:	Programs
15.	The term "WIPO" stands for:-
Option A:	World Investment policy organization
Option B:	World intellectual property organization
Option C:	Wildlife Investigation and Policing organization
Option D:	World institute for Prevention of organized crime
16.	Which of the following is not an intellectual property law?
Option A:	Trademark Act, 1999
Option B:	Patent Act, 1970

Option C:	Design Act, 2000
Option D:	Customs Act, 1962
17.	_____ are considered as heart of a patent
Option A:	Inventions
Option B:	Claims
Option C:	Ideas
Option D:	Concepts
18.	If you file provisional specification, the complete specification is required to be filed within :
Option A:	10 months
Option B:	12 months
Option C:	18 months
Option D:	24 months
19.	What is USPTO?
Option A:	United States Patent and Trade Office
Option B:	United States Panel and Trademark Office
Option C:	United States Patent and Trademark Office
Option D:	United States Patent and Transaction Office
20.	Duration of patent in India is
Option A:	20 years from the date of application
Option B:	20 years from the date of publication
Option C:	20 years from the date of grant
Option D:	20 years from the date of examination

Subjective Questions

1	Describe the following categories of IPR in brief: i. Patent ii. Trademark iii. Copyright iv. industrial design v. geographical indications
2	Describe the various international organizations active in IPR enforcement.
3	What are the different challenges for IP in e-commerce?
4	What do you mean by intellectual property and intellectual property rights?
5	What are the key concerns of counterfeiting and piracy and what are its effect on the country's economy?
6	What are the different challenges for IP in digital economy?
7	What do you mean by patentable and non-patentable inventions?
8	Explain the components of patent drafting
9	Why is a patent search important before filing a patent application? Explain the process of patent search
10	Challenges for IP in biodiversity and traditional knowledge
11	Patent Specification
12	Multilateral treaties where India is a member.
13	Explain the different types of patent applications.
14	Describe the patent examination process with the help of a flow chart.
15	Explain exclusive, non-exclusive and partially exclusive license with respect to patents.
16	Copyright registration procedure

17	Patent search process and its importance
18	The Indian Patent act