

**University of Mumbai**  
**Examinations First Half 2022**  
 Program: **Electrical Engineering**  
 Curriculum Scheme: Rev2019  
 Examination: SE Semester IV  
 Course Code: EEC403 and Course Name: Digital Electronics

**Note: 1. Make any suitable assumption**

**2. Figure to the right indicates full marks**

**Max. Marks 80**

**Solve all.**

**Q1. Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks (20)**

- 1 The MSB of signed binary number indicates its
- Option A: parity
- Option B: Sign
- Option C: maximum number
- Option D: its always zero and does not indicate any thing
- 2 The number of similar gates which a gate can drive is known as
- Option A: output
- Option B: fan out
- Option C: drive capacity
- Option D: A gate does not drive another gate
- 3 What is the BCD code for  $(13)_{10}$ ?
- Option A: 00001101
- Option B: 00000111
- Option C: 00010011
- Option D: 00001011
- 4 Minimum number of selection inputs required for selecting one out of 32 inputs is
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- Option A: 4
- Option B: 3
- Option C: 5
- Option D: 8
5. A three variable expression with variables A, B, C is given as  $Y=AB+AC+ABC$ .

This expression is in which form?

- Option A: Canonical POS Form
- Option B: POS Form
- Option C: SOP Form
- Option D: Canonical SOP form

6. How many cells will be present in the K-map of  $f(A,B,C,D)=\pi M(2,4,6,7)$

- Option A: 4
- Option B: 8
- Option C: 12
- Option D: 16

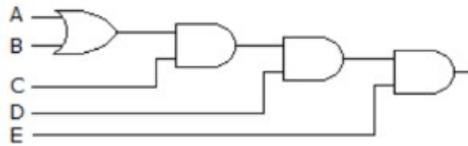
7. The complex programmable logic device contains several PLD blocks and

- Option A: Field-programmable switches
- Option B: AND/OR arrays
- Option C: A global interconnection matrix
- Option D: A language compiler

8. Which Flip Flop is used to overcome the Race-Around condition?

- Option A: D Flip Flop
- Option B: Master Slave J K Flip Flop
- Option C: S R Flip Flop
- Option D: T Flip Flop

9. Derive the Boolean expression for the logic circuit shown below



- Option A:  $ABCDE$
- Option B:  $[C(A + B)D + \bar{E}]$
- Option C:  $[[C(A + B)D]\bar{E}]$
- Option D:  $C(A + B)DE$

10. Which of the following is a combinational circuit?

- Option A: Multiplexer
- Option B: Registers
- Option C: Counters
- Option D: Latches

### Q.No. 2 . Solve any Two

a. Convert the hex number A72E to equivalent binary, decimal, octal, BCD and Grey code

(10)

b. Design BCD to Excess 3 code converter using basic gates.

(10)

c. Simplify the following using K-map implement using NAND gates  
 $y = \sum m(0,1,2,5,9,13,14,15) + d(4,6,10)$

(10)

**Q.No. 3. Solve any Two**

- a. Design MOD 12 synchronous counter using T flip flop. (10)
- b. Explain the design of a 4 bits D to A converter using weighted register D/A technique. Use suitable diagrams for the explanation. (10)
- c. Write a note on Programmable Arrey Logic. Implement the following using PAL  
 $F(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0,1,3,15)$  (10)

**Q.No. 4. Solve any Two**

- a. i. Write a short note on memory mapping and address decoding.  
 ii. Write short notes on different logic families (TTL; CMOS). (10)
- b. What is quantization? Explain three bits A to D converter using successive approximation technique. Explain with the help of suitable diagrams (10)
- c. write short note on the characteristics of digital IC (10)